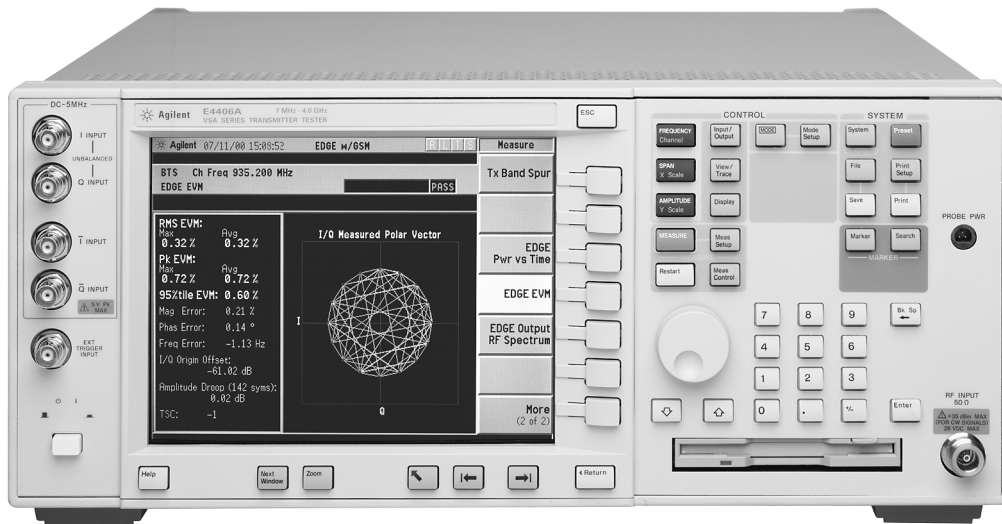


# Agilent E4406A Vector Signal Analyzer

Data Sheet



The Agilent Technologies E4406A vector signal analyzer (VSA) is a full-featured transmitter tester designed to meet the test needs of wireless equipment developers and manufacturers. For wireless base station, mobile transmitters and their components, the easy-to-use E4406A provides the best combination of speed and accuracy for a wide range of digital modulation analysis capability. And, with multiformat capability (W-CDMA, cdma2000, 1xEV-DO, cdmaOne, EDGE, GSM, NADC, and PDC) the E4406A is the ideal, flexible choice for your production line.

Easily configure one-button measurements with the simple, straight-forward menu structure and view them on the large, high-resolution color display. With built-in, standards-compliant tests and state-of-the-art digital IF technology, engineers can be confident that test results are accurate. And, when combined with the Agilent ESG series of digital RF signal generators, the E4406A VSA provides a powerful, transmit-receive test solution for wireless-equipment manufacturers.



Agilent Technologies

## Frequency

### Frequency range

**RF input** 7 to 314 MHz and 329 MHz to 4 GHz

**Baseband IQ inputs** 0 Hz to 5 MHz

### Frequency spans

**Baseband IQ inputs** 5 Hz to 5 MHz (Baseband I or Q inputs)  
10 Hz to 10 MHz (Composite I/Q)

### Frequency setting resolution

1 Hz

### Frequency reference

Accuracy  $\pm[(\text{time since last adjustment} \times \text{aging rate}) + \text{temperature stability} + \text{calibration accuracy}]$

Initial calibration accuracy  $\pm 5 \times 10^{-8}$

Settability  $\pm 2 \times 10^{-9}$

### Aging rate

During any 24 hrs following 24-hr warm-up  $\pm 5 \times 10^{-10}$  (nominal)

Per year  $\pm 1 \times 10^{-7}$  (nominal)

Temperature stability  $\pm 5 \times 10^{-8}$  variation from frequency at +25 °C over the temperature range of 0 to +55 °C

Warm-up time 1 hour (nominal)

### Residual responses

#### RF input

50  $\Omega$  input terminated, 0 dB input attenuation, +18 dB ADC gain

20 MHz to 2 GHz  $\leq -85$  dBm

2 GHz to 4 GHz  $\leq -80$  dBm

#### Baseband IQ inputs

50  $\Omega$  input terminated

0 to 5 MHz  $\leq -90$  dBm

## Noise Sidebands (RF Input)

673.6 MHz

Offset	Specifications	Supplemental
100 Hz	$\leq -85$ dBc/Hz	
1 kHz	$\leq -92$ dBc/Hz	
10 kHz	$\leq -102$ dBc/Hz	
100 kHz	$\leq -131$ dBc/Hz	
600 kHz	$\leq -138$ dBc/Hz	
1.2 MHz	$\leq -141$ dBc/Hz	
6.0 MHz	$\leq -145$ dBc/Hz	
10.0 MHz	$\leq -145$ dBc/Hz	

960 MHz

Offset	Specifications	Supplemental
100 Hz	$\leq -81$ dBc/Hz	
1 kHz	$\leq -87$ dBc/Hz	
10 kHz	$\leq -96$ dBc/Hz	
100 kHz	$\leq -125$ dBc/Hz	
600 kHz	$\leq -136$ dBc/Hz	
1.2 MHz	$\leq -140$ dBc/Hz	
6.0 MHz	$\leq -146$ dBc/Hz	
10.0 MHz	$\leq -146$ dBc/Hz	

1990 MHz

Offset	Specifications	Supplemental
100 Hz	$\leq -75$ dBc/Hz	
1 kHz	$\leq -82$ dBc/Hz	
10 kHz	$\leq -86$ dBc/Hz	
100 kHz	$\leq -118$ dBc/Hz	
600 kHz	$\leq -132$ dBc/Hz	
1.2 MHz	$\leq -137$ dBc/Hz	
6.0 MHz	$\leq -141$ dBc/Hz	
10.0 MHz	$\leq -141$ dBc/Hz	

## Noise Sidebands<sup>1</sup> (Baseband IQ Inputs)

0 to 5 MHz

Offset	Specifications	Supplemental
1 kHz	$\leq -120$ dBc/Hz	
10 kHz	$\leq -133$ dBc/Hz	
100 kHz	$\leq -134$ dBc/Hz	
1.0 MHz		$\leq -135$ dBc/Hz (nominal)
5.0 MHz		$\leq -135$ dBc/Hz (nominal)

1. No DC offset applied

## Amplitude

The following amplitude specifications apply for all measurements unless otherwise noted within the measurement specification.

### RF input

Maximum measurement power	+30 dBm (1W)
Maximum safe DC voltage	±26 Vdc
Maximum safe input power	+35 dBm (3.16W)

### Baseband IQ inputs

Input ranges 50 Ω input impedance	–5 to +13 dBm in four ranges of 6 dB steps: –5 dBm, +1 dBm, +7 dBm, +13 dBm
Input ranges 600 Ω, 1 M Ω input impedance	–18 to 0 dBV in four ranges of 6 dB steps: –18 dBV, –12 dBV, –6 dBV, 0 dBV
Maximum safe voltage	±5 V (DC + AC)

### Input attenuator

#### RF input

Range	0 to +40 dB
Step size	1 dB steps
Accuracy at 50 MHz	±0.3 dB relative to 10 dB attenuation

### First LO emission from RF input

$f_{\text{emission}} = \text{center frequency} \pm 321.4 \text{ MHz}$	$\leq (-23 \text{ dBm} - \text{input attenuation})$ (nominal)
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### Third-order intermodulation distortion (RF input)

Input power ≤ +27 dBm, Pre-ADC Filter ON

	Distortion	TOI
Tone separation ≥ 5 MHz, 50 MHz to 4 GHz	< –56 dBc	+18 dBm (+23 dBm, typical)
Tone separation ≥ 50 kHz, 30 MHz to 4 GHz	< –54 dBc	+17 dBm (+21 dBm, typical)

### Absolute power measurement accuracy

#### RF input

+18 to +30 °C

0 to 40 dB input attenuation  
(–2 to –28 dBm) + attenuation

810 to 960 MHz	±0.60 dB (±0.4 dB, typical)
1710 to 2205 MHz	±0.60 dB (±0.4 dB, typical)
1428 to 1503 MHz	±0.60 dB (±0.5 dB, typical)

10 dB input attenuation  
+8 to –18 dBm

400 to 2205 MHz	±0.75 dB
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0 to 20 dB input attenuation  
(–2 to –28 dBm) + attenuation

7 to 1000 MHz	±1.0 dB
1000 to 2205 MHz	±1.3 dB
2205 to 4000 MHz	±1.8 dB

#### Baseband IQ inputs

Input impedance = 50 Ω, all ranges ±0.6 dB

Input impedance = 600 Ω, all ranges

0 Hz to 1 MHz	±0.6 dB
1 to 5 MHz	±2.0 dB

Input impedance = 1 MΩ, all ranges

Unbalanced ±0.7 dB (nominal)

Balanced

0 to 1 MHz	±0.6 dB (nominal)
1 to 5 MHz	±2.0 dB (nominal)

### Amplitude accuracy

#### RF input

(Relative to –2 dBm at the input mixer)

No averaging

–2 to –78 dBm	±0.25 dB (±0.15 dB, typical)
–78 to –88 dBm	±0.70 dB (±0.40 dB, typical)
–88 to –98 dBm	±1.20 dB (±0.80 dB, typical)

With 10 averages

–78 to –88 dBm	±0.25 dB (nominal)
–88 to –98 dBm	±0.35 dB (nominal)

(Relative to –12 dBm at the input mixer)

–12 to –62 dBm	±0.15 dB (±0.10 dB, typical)
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### Amplitude linearity

#### Baseband IQ inputs

0 to -35 dB below range ±0.17 dB  
 -35 to -55 dB below range ±1.0 dB

### Displayed average noise level

#### RF input

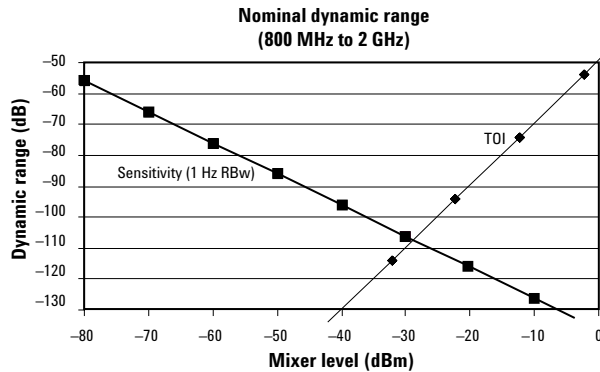
Input terminated in 50 Ω, 0 dB attenuation, 1 kHz RBW, 10 kHz span, +18 dB ADC gain

7 to 20 MHz	-103 dBm (-111 dBm, typical)
20 to 2000 MHz	-106 dBm (-111 dBm, typical)
2000 to 2700 MHz	-103 dBm (-108 dBm, typical)
2700 to 4000 MHz	-98 dBm (-104 dBm, typical)

#### Baseband IQ inputs

Input terminated in 50 Ω, 1 kHz RBW, 1 kHz to 5 MHz

+13 dBm range	-95 dBm (-100 dBm, typical)
+7 dBm range	- (-105 dBm, typical)
+1 dBm range	- (-108 dBm, typical)
-5 dBm range	-106 dBm (-110 dBm, typical)



### DC offset

#### Baseband IQ inputs

After auto-zero < -40 dB below range (-55 dB below range, typical)

Compensation for customer ≤ ±2.0 Vdc (offset accuracy ±2.0% of range (nominal))

DC offset

### Channel match

#### Baseband IQ inputs

Amplitude match ±0.25 dB  
 0 to 5.0 MHz

Phase match ±2.0 degrees  
 0 to 5.0 MHz

### Crosstalk

#### Baseband IQ inputs

Input impedance = 50 Ω < -60 dB  
 Input impedance = 600 Ω < -52 dB

### Common mode rejection

#### Baseband IQ inputs

600 Ω balanced inputs

0 to 0.5 MHz	< -50 dB
> 0.5 to 5.0 MHz	< -35 dB

## Measurements

### Waveform measurement

#### Range at RF input

Maximum	+30 dBm (1 W)
Minimum	Displayed average noise level

#### Range at IQ input

Maximum (50 Ω input)	+13 dBm (20 mW)
Maximum (600 Ω, 1 MΩ input)	1 V
Minimum	Displayed average noise level

#### Sweep time range

RBW < 7.5 MHz	10 μs to 200 ms
RBW < 1 MHz	10 μs to 400 ms
RBW < 100 kHz	10 μs to 2 s
RBW < 10 kHz	10 μs to 20 s

#### Time record length

2 to > 900,000 points (nominal)

#### Resolution bandwidth

1, 1.5, 2, 3, 5, 7.5, 10 sequence, or arbitrary bandwidth (user-definable)

Gaussian filter	10 Hz to 8 MHz
Flat filter	10 Hz to 10 MHz

#### Averaging

Average number	1 to 10,000
Average mode	Exponential, repeat
Average type	Power average (RMS), log-power average (video), maximum, minimum

#### Displays

RF input	Signal envelope, I/Q waveform, I/Q polar
Baseband IQ input	Signal envelope, linear envelope, I/Q waveform, I and Q waveform, I/Q polar

#### Markers

Normal, delta, band power

### *Spectrum measurement*

Range at RF input	
Maximum	+30 dBm (1 W)
Minimum	Displayed average noise level
Range at IQ input	
Maximum (50 $\Omega$ input)	+13 dBm (20 mW)
Maximum (600 $\Omega$ , 1 M $\Omega$ input)	0 dBV
Minimum	Displayed average noise level
Span range	
RF input	10 Hz to 10 MHz
Composite I/Q input	10 Hz to 10 MHz
Baseband I or Q only inputs	10 Hz to 5 MHz
Resolution BW range overall	
	100 mHz to 3 MHz 1, 1.5, 2, 3, 5, 7.5, 10 sequence or arbitrary bandwidth user-definable
Pre-FFT filter	
Type	Gaussian, flat
BW	Auto, manual 1 Hz to 10 MHz
FFT window	
	Flat top; (high amplitude accuracy); Uniform; Hanning; Hamming; Gaussian; Blackman; Blackman-Harris; Kaiser-Bessel 70, 90, 110
Averaging	
Average number	1 to 10,000
Average mode	Exponential, repeat
Average type	Power average (RMS), log-power average (video), maximum, minimum, voltage average
Displays	
RF input	Spectrum, linear spectrum, I/Q waveform, spectrum and I/Q waveform, I/Q polar, adjacent channel power, power stat CCDF
Baseband IQ inputs	Spectrum, linear spectrum, I/Q waveform, spectrum and I/Q waveform, I/Q polar, power stat CCDF
Markers	Normal, delta, band power, noise
Measurement resolution	
Displayed	0.01 dB
Remote query	0.001 dB

### *Trigger*

Trigger sources	
RF input	Free run (immediate), video (IF envelope), RF burst (wideband), frame timer, external front, external rear, line
Baseband IQ inputs	Free run (immediate), video (IQ envelope), external front input, external rear input, frame timer, line
Delay range	
	-500 ms to +500 ms
Delay accuracy	
	$\pm 33$ ns
Delay resolution	
	33 ns
Trigger slope	
	Positive, negative
Holdoff range	
	0 to 500 ms
Holdoff resolution	
	1 $\mu$ s
<i>RF burst trigger</i>	
Peak carrier power range at RF input	+30 dBm to -40 dBm
Trigger level range	0 to -25 dB (relative to signal peak)
Bandwidth	> 15 MHz (nominal)
<i>Video (IF envelope)</i>	
Trigger range	+50 to -200 dBm

## W-CDMA (Option E4406A-BAF)

### Channel power measurement

The channel power measurement measures the total RMS power in a user-specified bandwidth. The following specifications apply for the default bandwidth of 3.84 MHz for the 3GPP standard.

Minimum power at RF input	-70 dBm (nominal)
Absolute power accuracy, 18 to 30 °C	±0.63 dB (±0.41 dB, typical)
Measurement floor	-73 dBm (nominal)

### ACPR measurement (ACLR)

The adjacent channel power ratio (ACPR) measurement measures up to five pairs of offset channels and relates them to the carrier power. The measurement result is a ratio of the channel power to the power in each offset. The results can be displayed as a ratio to the total power in each bandwidth, or as a ratio of the power spectral density. Simulated spectrum analyzer mode is for those who are accustomed to spectrum analyzers.

Minimum power at RF input	-27 dBm (nominal)
ACPR accuracy	RRC weighted, 3.84 MHz noise bandwidth

### Radio Offset frequency Specification

MS (UE)	5 MHz	±0.20 dB, at ACPR range of -30 to -36 dBc with optimum mixer level
MS (UE)	10 MHz	±0.30 dB, at ACPR range of -40 to -46 dBc with optimum mixer level
BTS	5 MHz	±0.93 dB, at ACPR range of -42 to -48 dBc with optimum mixer level
BTS	10 MHz	±0.82 dB, at ACPR range of -47 to -53 dBc with optimum mixer level
BTS	5 MHz	±0.39 dB, at -48 dBc non-coherent ACPR
Dynamic range		RRC weighted, 3.84 MHz noise bandwidth
Offset frequency		
	5 MHz	-68 dB (nominal)
	10 MHz	-72 dB (nominal)

For more detail, please refer to the E4406A specifications that can be found at [www.agilent.com/find/vsa](http://www.agilent.com/find/vsa)

### Power statistics CCDF measurement

The complementary-cumulative distribution function (CCDF) traces provide you with how much time the waveform spends at or above a given power level. The percent of time the signal spends at or above the level defines the probability for that particular power level.

Minimum power at RF input	-40 dBm, average (nominal)
Histogram resolution	0.01 dB

### Code domain measurement

The code domain measurement provides a tremendous amount of information about the in-channel characteristics of the W-CDMA signal. Code domain power (CDP) view directly informs the user of the active channels with their individual channel powers. The CDP view also leads you to symbol rate analysis such as symbol rate EVM and symbol power versus time.

Code domain power 25 to 35°C 95% confidence	
Minimum power at RF input	-70 dBm (nominal)
Relative code domain accuracy	Using Test Model 1 with 32 DPCH signal
±0.015 dB	Code domain power between 0 and -10 dBc
±0.08 dB	Code domain power between -10 and -30dBc
±0.15 dB	Code domain power between -30 to -40dBc
Symbol power vs. time	
Minimum power at RF input	-45 dBm (nominal)
Accuracy	Using Test Model 1 with 32 DPCH signal
±0.10 dB	Code domain power between 0 and -25 dBc
±0.50 dB	Code domain power between -25 to -40dBc
Symbol error vector magnitude	
Minimum power at RF input	-45 dBm (nominal)
Accuracy	Using Test Model 1 with 32 DPCH signal
± 1.0%	Code domain power between 0 and -25 dBc

### *QPSK EVM measurement*

The QPSK EVM measurement measures the modulation quality of QPSK modulated signal. This measurement provides an IQ constellation diagram, error vector magnitude (EVM) in RMS and peak as well as magnitude error versus chip, phase error versus chip, and EVM versus chip.

<b>QPSK EVM</b>	QPSK selected
Minimum power at RF input	-20 dBm (nominal)
EVM	
Operating range	0 to 25% (nominal)
Floor	1.5% (nominal)
Accuracy	±1.0% (nominal) at EVM of 10%
I/Q origin offset	
Range	-10 to -50 dBc (nominal)
Frequency error	
Range	±300 kHz (nominal)
Accuracy	±10 Hz (nominal) + (transmitter frequency x frequency reference accuracy)

<b>QPSK EVM</b>	12.2k RMC selected
Minimum power at RF input	-20 dBm (nominal)
EVM	
Operating range	0 to 20% (nominal)
Floor	1.5% (nominal)
Accuracy	±1.0% (nominal) at EVM of 10%
I/Q origin offset	
Range	-10 to -50 dBc (nominal)
Frequency error	
Range	±20 kHz (nominal)
Accuracy	±10 Hz (nominal) + (transmitter frequency x frequency reference accuracy)

### *Modulation accuracy measurement (composite EVM)*

Composite EVM is a measure of the performance of a W-CDMA transmitter's modulation circuitry. Composite EVM can be measured for a pilot channel along with other channel structures, i.e. multiple traffic channels.

Minimum power at RF input	-70 dBm (nominal)
Composite EVM	Using Test Model 4
Range	0% to 25%
Floor	1.5%
Accuracy	±1.0%
Peak code domain error	Using Test Model 3 with 16 DPCH w/spreading code of 256
Accuracy	±1.0 dB (nominal)
I/Q origin offset	
Range	-10 to -50 dBc (nominal)
Frequency error	Specified for CPICH power ≥ -15 dBc
Range	±500 Hz
Accuracy	±2 Hz + (transmitter frequency x frequency reference accuracy)
Time offset	
Frame offset accuracy	±150 nsec
Relative offset accuracy	±1.25 nsec

### *Intermodulation distortion measurement*

The intermodulation distortion measurement determines the third order and fifth order intermodulation products caused by nonlinear devices in the transmitter. This measurement is made with two single tones or a single tone and a modulated W-CDMA signal. The results are displayed in relative power to the carrier in dBc or in absolute power in dBm.

Minimum carrier power at RF input	-20 dBm (nominal)
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### *Power vs. time and power control measurement*

#### Absolute power measurement

Using 5 MHz resolution bandwidth

##### Accuracy

0 to -20 dBm      ±0.7 dB (nominal)

-20 to -60 dBm    ±1.0 dB (nominal)

#### Relative power measurement

##### Accuracy

Step range ± 1.5 dB    ±0.1 dB (nominal)

Step range ± 3.0 dB    ±0.15 dB (nominal)

Step range ± 4.5 dB    ±0.2 dB (nominal)

Step range ± 26.0 dB   ±0.3 dB (nominal)

### *Multicarrier power measurement*

This measurement is used for adjusting multicarrier power amplifiers to transmit well balanced multiple carriers. The measurement is similar to a combination of those for ACPR and intermodulation distortion product measurements giving in-channel and out-of-channel performance results. The results are displayed for the different frequency offsets either in relative power to the carrier in dBc or in absolute power in dBm.

Minimum carrier power at RF input      -15 dBm (nominal)

ACPR dynamic range, two carriers      RRC weighted, 3.84 MHz noise bandwidth

5 MHz offset      -64 dB (nominal)

10 MHz offset      -68 dB (nominal)

ACPR accuracy, two carriers

5 MHz offset, -48 dBc ACPR      ±0.70 dB (nominal)

### *Spectrum emission mask measurement*

The spectrum emission mask measurement measures the in-channel and out-of-channel spurious emissions to provide useful figures of merit for spectral regrowth and emissions produced by components and circuit blocks. Up to five pairs of offsets/regions can be defined in which the user can specify the start and stop frequencies, resolution bandwidth, and the start and stop amplitudes of the mask.

Minimum power at RF input      -20 dBm (nominal)

Dynamic range, relative

2.515 MHz offset      -77.9 dB (-82.8 dB, typical)

1980 MHz region      -72.2 dB (-77.2 dB, typical)

Sensitivity, absolute

2.515 MHz offset      -88.9 dBm (-93.9 dBm, typical)

1980 MHz region      -72.9 dBm (-77.9 dBm, typical)

Accuracy

Display = Abs Peak Pwr ±0.60 dB (±0.40 dB, typical)

Display = Rel Peak Pwg ±0.25 dB

### *Occupied bandwidth measurement*

Occupied bandwidth (OBW) measurement measures the frequency bandwidth corresponding to 99 percent of the total transmitted power.

Minimum carrier power at RF input      -20 dBm (nominal)

Frequency resolution      100 Hz

Frequency accuracy       $\frac{1.4\%}{\sqrt{N_{\text{avg}}}}$  (nominal)



Conformance with 3GPP TS 25.141 base station requirements for a manufacturing environment

Sub-clause	Name	3GPP required test instrument tolerance (as of June 2002)	Instrument tolerance interval	Supplemental information
6.2.1	<b>Maximum output power</b>	±0.7 dB (95%)	±0.29 dB (95%)	±0.63 dB (100%)
6.2.2	<b>CPICH power accuracy</b>	±0.8 dB (95%)	±0.30 dB (95%)	-10 dB CDP
6.3.4	<b>Frequency error</b>	±12 Hz (95%)	±10 Hz (100%)	Freq ref locked
6.4.2	<b>Power control steps</b>			
	1-dB step	±0.1 dB (95%)	±0.03 dB (95%)	Test Model 2
	0.5-dB step	±0.1 dB (95%)	±0.03 dB (95%)	Test Model 2
	Ten 1-dB steps	±0.1 dB (95%)	±0.03 dB (95%)	Test Model 2
	Ten 0.5-dB steps	±0.1 dB (95%)	±0.03 dB (95%)	Test Model 2
6.4.3	<b>Power dynamic range</b>	±1.1 dB (95%)	±0.50 dB (95%)	
6.4.4	<b>Total power dynamic range</b>	±0.3 dB (95%)	±0.015 dB (95%)	Ref -35 dBm at mixer
6.5.1	<b>Occupied bandwidth</b>	±100 kHz (95%)	±38 kHz (95%)	10 averages
6.5.2.1	<b>Spectrum emission mask</b>	±1.5 dB (95%)	±0.59 dB (95%)	Absolute peak
6.5.2.2	<b>ACLR</b>			
	5 MHz offset	±0.8 dB (95%)	±0.34 dB (95%)	±0.93 dB (100%)
	10 MHz offset	±0.8 dB (95%)	±0.40 dB (95%)	±0.82dB (100%)
6.7.1	<b>EVM</b>	±2.5% (95%)	±1.0% (95%)	Range 15 to 20%
6.7.2	<b>Peak code domain error</b>	±1.0 dB (95%)	±1.0 dB (nominal)	

**Conditions**

25 to 35 °C

Derived tolerances

    95th percentile

    100% limit tested

Calibration uncertainties included

## cdma2000 (Option E4406A-B78)

### Channel power measurement

The channel power measurement measures the total RMS power in a user-specified bandwidth. The following specifications apply for the default bandwidth of 1.23 MHz.

Range at RF input            +30 to –80 dBm

Absolute power accuracy for in-band signal (excluding mismatch error), 18 °C to 30 °C

+30 to –28 dBm            ±0.6 dB  
at RF input

–28 to –50 dBm           ±0.8 dB  
at RF input

–50 to –80 dBm           ±1.0 dB  
at RF input

### ACPR measurement

Power range                +30 to –20 dBm  
at RF input

Dynamic range (referenced to average power of carrier in 1.25 MHz BW)

Offset frequency	Integ BW	Dynamic range
750 kHz (BTS)	30 kHz	–82 dBc
885 kHz (MS)	30 kHz	–82 dBc
1.98 MHz	30 kHz	–85 dBc
Relative accuracy	±0.9 dB	

### Power statistics CCDF measurement

Range at RF input

Maximum                    +30 dBm (average)  
                                  +40 dBm (peak)

Minimum                    –40 dBm (average)

### Code domain measurement

Code domain power

Power range                Mixer level (RF input power minus attenuation) is between –15 and –5 dBm

Accuracy

Relative range  
0 to –10 dBc            ±0.015 dB  
–10 to –30 dBc        ±0.18 dB  
–30 to –40 dBc        ±0.51 dB

Symbol power vs. time

Range at RF input        +30 to –40 dBm

Accuracy                   ±0.3 dB (spread channel power is within 20 dB of total power; averaged power over a slot)

Symbol error vector magnitude

Range at RF input        +30 to –20 dBm

Pilot time offset  
(from even second signal to start PN sequence)

Range                      –13.33 to +13.33 ms

Accuracy                   ±250 ns

Resolution                10 ns

### QPSK EVM measurement

Range at RF input        +30 to –20 dBm

EVM

Range                      0 to 25% (nominal)

Floor                       1.5% (nominal)

Accuracy                   ±1.0% (nominal)

I/Q origin offset

Range                      –10 to –50 dBc (nominal)

Frequency error

Range                      ±500 Hz (nominal)

Accuracy                   ±10 Hz (nominal) +  
(transmitter frequency x  
frequency reference accuracy)

### *Modulation accuracy measurement (composite rho)*

Composite rho is measure of the performance of a cdma2000 transmitter's modulation circuitry. Composite rho can be measured for multichannel structure, i.e., a pilot channel with multiple traffic channels.

Range at RF input	+30 to -50 dBm
EVM	
Range	0 to 25%
Floor	2.0% or less for pilot only signal
Resolution	0.01% display resolution
I/Q origin offset	
Range	-10 to -50 dBc
Resolution	0.02 dB display resolution
Frequency error	
Range	±500 Hz
Accuracy	±10 Hz + transmitter accuracy (nominal)
Resolution	±0.01 Hz display resolution

### *Intermodulation distortion*

Range at RF input	+30 to -20 dBm
Input intermodulation power range	-20 to -65 dBc
Relative accuracy	±1.5 dB
Resolution	0.01 dB display resolution

### *Spectrum emission mask measurement*

Range at RF input	+30 to -20 dBm
Spectrum emission power range	≤ -136 dBc/Hz at 1 MHz offset (nominal)
Relative accuracy	±1.0 dB
Resolution	0.01 dB display resolution

### *Occupied bandwidth measurement*

Range at RF input	+30 to -20 dBm
Frequency	
Resolution	1 kHz
Accuracy	±3 kHz

## **1xEV-DO (Option E4406A-204)**

### *Channel power measurement*

#### 1.23 MHz integration BW

Range at RF input                   +30 dBm to -80 dBm

Absolute power accuracy for in-band signal (excluding mismatch error), 18 °C to 30 °C

+30 to -28 dBm at RF input	±0.6 dB
-28 to -50 dBm at RF input	±0.8 dB
-50 to -80 dBm at RF input	±1.0 dB

### *Power statistics CCDF measurement*

Range at RF input

Maximum	+30 dBm (average) +40 dBm (peak)
Minimum	-40 dBm (average)

### *Code domain measurement*

For Pilot, 2 MAC channels, 16 channels of QPSK data

Code domain power

Range at RF input	+30 to -50 dBm (nominal)
Accuracy (Pilot, MAC, Data QPSK Data 8PSK)	±0.3 dB (nominal, spread channel power is within 20 dB of total power)

### *QPSK EVM measurement*

Range at RF input	+30 to -20 dBm (nominal)
EVM	
Range	0 to 25% (nominal)
Floor	1.5% (nominal)
Accuracy	±1.0% (nominal)
I/Q origin offset	
Range	-10 to -50 dBc (nominal)
Frequency error	
Range	±500 Hz (nominal)
Accuracy	±10 Hz (nominal) + (transmitter frequency x frequency reference accuracy)

### *Modulation accuracy measurement (composite rho)*

For Pilot, 2 MAC channels, 16 channels of QPSK data

Range at RF input	+30 to -50 dBm (nominal)
EVM	
Range	0 to 25% (nominal)
Floor	2.5% or less (nominal)
Accuracy	±1.0% at the range of 5% to 25%
Rho	
Range	0.9 to 1.0
Floor	> 0.99938 (0.99938 equals 2.5%EVM)
Accuracy	±0.0010 at 0.99751 Rho (5% EVM) ±0.0044 at 0.94118 Rho (25% EVM)
Frequency error	
Range	±400 Hz (nominal)
Accuracy	±1 Hz (nominal) + (transmitter frequency x frequency reference accuracy)
Resolution	0.01 Hz display resolution
I/Q origin offset	
Range	-10 to -50 dBc (nominal)
Resolution	0.02 dB display resolution

### *Power vs. time*

Range at RF input	+30 to -80 dBm (nominal)
Absolute power accuracy for in-band signal (excluding mismatch error), 18 °C to 30 °C	
+30 to -28 dBm at RF input	±0.6 dB (nominal)
-28 to -50 dBm at RF input	±0.8 dB (nominal)
-50 to -80 dBm at RF input	±1.0 dB (nominal)

### *Intermodulation distortion*

Input signal must not be bursted	
Range at RF input	+30 to -20 dBm
Input intermodulation	
Power range	-20 to -65 dBc
Relative accuracy	±1.5 dB
Resolution	0.01 dB display resolution

### *Spurious emissions & ACP*

Range at RF input	+30 to -20 dBm
Spectrum emission	
Power range	-136 dBc/Hz at 1 MHz offset (nominal)
Relative accuracy	±1.0 dB
Resolution	0.01 dB display resolution

### *Occupied bandwidth measurement*

Range at RF input	+30 dBm to -20 dBm
Frequency	
Resolution	1 kHz
Accuracy	±3 kHz at 1 kHz resolution bandwidth

## cdmaOne (Option E4406A-BAC)

### Channel power measurement

Range at RF input	+30 to –80 dBm
Integration bandwidth range	1 kHz to 10 MHz (default is 1.23 MHz)
Absolute power accuracy for in-band signal (excluding mismatch error), 18 °C to 30 °C	
RF input	
+30 to –28 dBm	±0.6 dB (±0.4 dB, typical)
–28 to –50 dBm	±0.8 dB (±0.7 dB, typical)
–50 to –80 dBm	±1.0 dB (±0.9 dB, typical)
Relative power accuracy (same channel, different transmit power, input attenuator fixed) input level change	
0 to –76 dB	±0.2 dB (±0.1 dB, typical)

### Code domain measurement (base station)

Code domain measures the power, timing, and phase, of each of the 64 Walsh channels in an cdmaOne base-station transmitter. Code-domain power is measured for each Walsh channel relative to the total power inside the 1.23 MHz channel. Code-domain phase is the measured phase error for each Walsh channel relative to the pilot channel. Code-domain timing is the measured timing error for each Walsh channel relative to the pilot channel. Time offset, frequency error, and carrier feedthrough are also measured.

Range at RF input	+30 to –30 dBm
Measurement interval range	0.25 to 30 ms
Code domain power (measurement interval 1.25 ms)	
Display dynamic range	50 dB
Accuracy	±0.3 dB (Walsh channel power within 20 dB of total power)
Resolution	0.01 dB
Other reported power parameters	Average active traffic, maximum inactive traffic, average inactive traffic, pilot, paging, sync channels
Frequency error accuracy	±10 Hz (excludes frequency reference)
Pilot time offset (from even second signal to start of PN sequence)	
Range	–13.33 to +13.33 ms
Accuracy	±250 ns
Resolution	10 ns
Code domain timing (pilot to code-channel time tolerance)	
Range	±200 ns
Accuracy	±10 ns
Resolution	0.1 ns
Code domain phase (pilot to code-channel phase tolerance)	
Range	±200 mrad
Accuracy	±20 mrad
Resolution	0.1 mrad
Displays	Power graph and metrics power graph and four markers power, timing, and phase graphs

### *Modulation accuracy (rho) measurement*

Rho is a measure of the performance of a cdmaOne transmitter's modulation circuitry. Rho can be measured for a base station only when a pilot is the only active channel. Rho can be measured for a reverse channel offset-QPSK signal when the data is all zeros going into the short code spreading. Error vector magnitude, time offset, frequency error, and carrier feedthrough are also measured and reported.

Power range at RF input	+30 to -40 dBm
Measurement interval range	0.25 to 30 ms
Rho (waveform quality) (usable range 0.5 to 1.0)	
Range	0.9 to 1.0
Accuracy	±0.005
Resolution	0.0001
Frequency error (frequency error excludes instrument time base error)	
Input frequency error range	±900 Hz
Accuracy	±10 Hz + (transmitter frequency x frequency reference accuracy)
Resolution	0.1 Hz
Pilot time offset (from even second signal to start of PN sequence)	
Range	-13.33 to +13.33 ms
Accuracy	±250 ns
Resolution	10 ns
EVM	
Floor	2.5% (1.8%, typical)
Accuracy	±0.5%
Resolution	0.1%
Carrier feedthrough	
Accuracy	±2.0 dB
Resolution	0.1 dB
Magnitude error	
Accuracy	±0.5%
Resolution	±0.01%
Phase error	
Accuracy	±1.0 degrees
Resolution	0.1 degrees
Displays	Metric summary, magnitude error versus chips, phase error versus chips, EVM versus chips, I/Q measured polar graph

### *Adjacent channel power ratio measurement*

Power range at RF input +30 to -20 dBm  
Dynamic range (referenced to average power of carrier in 1.23 MHz BW)

Offset frequency	Integ BW	Dynamic range
750 kHz	30 kHz	-82 dBc
885 kHz	30 kHz	-82 dBc
1.25625 MHz	12.5 kHz	-86 dBc
1.98 MHz	30 kHz	-85 dBc
2.75 MHz	1 MHz	-56 dBc
Relative accuracy	±0.9 dB	
Resolution	0.01 dB	

### *Spurious close measurement (at transmitter maximum power)*

Spurious close measures the spurious emissions in the transmit band relative to the channel power in the selected channel. The unit under test is typically set for the maximum output power.

Carrier power range at RF input	+30 to -30 dBm
Minimum spurious emission power sensitivity at RF input	-70 dBm (30 kHz RBW)
Absolute accuracy for in-band signal	±1.0 dB
Relative accuracy	±1.0 dB
Resolution	0.01 dB

### *Demod sync*

Even second input	Level and impedance same as external trigger
PN offset range	0 to 511 x 64 (chips)
In-band frequency range	
IS-95	824 to 849 MHz 869 to 894 MHz
J-STD-008	1850 to 1910 MHz 1930 to 1990 MHz

**EDGE/GSM (Option E4406A-202)**  
**3π/8 8PSK Modulation**  
**GSM (Option E4406A-BAH)**  
**GSMK Modulation**

*Power versus time measurement*

Power versus time measures the average power during the “useful part” of the EDGE or GSM burst and verifies that the power ramp is within the EDGE or GSM mask. The specified EDGE or GSM masks for both base transceiver stations and mobile stations are provided. Power versus time also lets you view the rise, fall, and “useful part” of the burst. The timings are referenced to the transmitter from bit 13 to 14 of the training sequence (midamble).

**Power vs. time and EDGE power vs. time**

GMSK modulation (GSM)

3π/8 shifted 8PSK modulation (EDGE)

Measures mean transmitted RF carrier power during the useful part of the burst (GSM method) and the power vs. time ramping. 510 kHz RBW

Minimum carrier power at RF input for GSM and EDGE –30 dBm (nominal)

Absolute power accuracy for in-band signal (excluding mismatch error)

18 to 30 °C; –0.11 ± 0.60 dB  
 (–0.11 ± 0.40 dB, typical)

0 to 55 °C; –0.11 ± 0.90 dB

Power ramp relative accuracy Referenced to mean transmitted power

RF input range = Auto +6 dB to noise ±0.26 dB

Mixer level ≤ -12 dBm +6 dB to noise ±0.26 dB

Measurement floor –81 dBm + input attenuation (nominal)

Time resolution 200 ns

Burst to mask uncertainty ±0.2 bit (approx ±0.7 μs)

*EDGE EVM measurement*

The EDGE EVM measurement measures the modulation quality of the 3π/8 8PSK modulated signal providing you with IQ constellation diagram, error vector magnitude (EVM) in RMS and peak, 95 percentile, and I/Q origin offset.

**EDGE (EVM) Error Vector Magnitude** 3π/8 shifted 8PSK modulation Specifications based on 3GPP essential conformance requirements, and are based on 200 bursts

Carrier power range at RF input –45 dBm (nominal)

EVM

Range 0 to 25% (nominal)

Floor (RMS) 0.5%, (0.3%, typical)

Accuracy (RMS) ±0.5% (Power range at RF input from +27 to –12 dBm, EVM range 1% to 11%)

Frequency error ±1 Hz + (transmitter frequency x frequency reference accuracy)

I/Q origin offset range –20 to –45 dBc

*Output RF spectrum measurement*

The output RF spectrum measurements determine the spectral energy emitted into the adjacent channels. The measurements are divided into two types: spectrum due to 3π/8 8PSK or GMSK modulation and noise, and spectrum due to switching transients (burst ramping). A single offset can be examined with a corresponding trace, or up to 15 offsets can be measured with a tabular data display.

Minimum carrier power at RF input -15 dBm (nominal)

ORFS relative RF power uncertainty

Due to modulation

Offsets ≤ 1.2 MHz ±0.26 dB

Offsets ≥ 1.8 MHz ±0.36 dB

Due to switching ±0.27 dB (nominal)

ORFS absolute RF power accuracy 20 to 30 °C ±0.60 dB (±0.40 dB, typical)

Dynamic range 5-pole sync-tuned filters

Spectrum due to modulation Methods: direct time and FFT

Offset frequency	GSM	EDGE
100 kHz	67.7 dB	67.7 dB
200 kHz	73.3 dB	73.3 dB
250 kHz	76.3 dB	76.3 dB
400 kHz	78.4 dB	77.9 dB
600 kHz	81.1 dB	80.2 dB
1.2 MHz	85.0 dB	83.3 dB
1.8 MHz	90.3 dB	82.4 dB
6.0 MHz	94.0 dB	85.3 dB

Spectrum due to switching

Offset frequency	GSM	EDGE
400 kHz	68.7 dB (100%)	71.2 dB (95%)
600 kHz	71.0 dB (100%)	73.1 dB (95%)
1.2 MHz	74.1 dB (100%)	77.0 dB (95%)
1.8 MHz	78.4 dB (100%)	80.4 dB (95%)

### Transmit power measurement

The transmit power measurement determines the average power for an RF signal burst at or above a user specified threshold value. The threshold value may be absolute, or relative to the peak value of the signal.

<b>Transmit power</b>	GMSK modulation (GSM)
Carrier power range at	+30dBm(1W) to –60 dBm
Absolute power accuracy for in-band signal (excluding mismatch error)	+30 to –40dBm at RF input
+18 to 30 °C	±0.6 dB (±0.4 dB, typical)
0 to +55 °C	±0.9 dB
Relative power accuracy (same channel, different transmit power, input attenuator fixed), input level change 0 to –76 dB	±0.25dB (±0.1dB, typical)
Resolution	
Displayed	0.01dB
Remote query	0.001dB
Instrument repeatability	±0.05 dB (nominal)

### Phase and frequency error measurement

Phase and frequency error measures the modulation quality of a GSM transmitter. Phase and frequency error can be displayed both numerically and or graphically. A binary representation of the demodulated data bits is also available.

<b>Phase and Frequency Error</b>	GMSK modulation (GSM) Specifications based on 3GPP essential conformance requirements, and are based on 200 bursts.
Carrier power range at RF Input	+27 to –45 dBm (nominal)
Phase error	
Floor (RMS)	<0.5°
Accuracy (RMS)	±0.5° (phase error range 1° to 15°)
Peak phase error	
Floor	<1.5°
Accuracy	±2.0° (phase error range 3° to 25°)

### Frequency error

Accuracy	±5 Hz + (transmitter frequency x frequency reference accuracy)
I/Q offset	
Range	–15 to –50 dBc (nominal)
Burst sync time uncertainty	±0.1 bit (approx. ±0.4 μs)
<b>Burst sync</b>	
Source	Training sequence, RF amplitude, external rear, none. Actual available choices dependent on measurement.
Training sequence code	GSM defined 0 to 7 auto (search) or manual
Burst type	Normal (TCH and CCH), Sync (SCH), Access (RACH)

### In-band frequency range

Down band GSM	400 to 500 MHz
GSM 900, P-GSM	890 to 915 MHz 935 to 960 MHz
GSM 900, E-GSM	880 to 915 MHz 925 to 960 MHz
DCS 1800	1710 to 1785 MHz 1805 to 1880 MHz
PCS1900	1850 to 1910 MHz 1930 to 1990 MHz
GSM 450	450.4 to 457.6 MHz 460.4 to 467.6 MHz
GSM480	478.8 to 486 MHz 488.8 to 496 MHz
GSM850	824 to 849 MHz 869 to 894 MHz



## NADC/PDC (Option E4406A-BAE)

### ACPR measurement

The adjacent channel power ratio (ACPR) measurement measures up to five pairs of offset channels and relates them to the carrier power. The measurement result is a ratio of the channel power to the power in each offset. The results can be displayed as a ratio to the total power in each bandwidth, or as a ratio of the power spectral density.

Carrier power range at RF input +27 to –20 dBm

Dynamic range

#### NADC mode

Offset frequency (Integ BW)

30 kHz (32.8 kHz) –35 dB (nominal)

60 kHz (32.8 kHz) –65 dB

90 kHz (32.8 kHz) –70 dB

#### PDC mode

Offset frequency (Integ BW)

50 kHz (21.0 kHz) –55 dB

100 kHz (21.0 kHz) –70 dB

Relative accuracy

Resolution ±1.0 dB

Display resolution 0.01 dB

### EVM measurement

EVM measurement measures the modulation quality of pi/4QPSK modulated signal providing you with IQ constellation diagram, error vector magnitude (EVM) in RMS and peak as well as each chip of magnitude error, phase error and EVM.

Range at RF input (Common in NADC and PDC) +27 to –20 dBm

EVM

Range 0 to 25%

Floor 1.0%

Accuracy ±0.6%

I/Q origin offset

Range –10 to –50 dBc

Resolution 0.01 dB display resolution

Carrier frequency error

Frequency resolution 0.01 Hz display resolution

### OBW measurement (PDC only)

Occupied bandwidth (OBW) measurement measures the frequency bandwidth corresponding to 99% of the total transmitted power.

Range at RF input +27 to –20 dBm

Frequency

Resolution 0.1 kHz

Accuracy +400 Hz, –100 Hz

### In-band frequency range (NADC)

800 MHz band

Mobile transmit 824 to 849 MHz

Base station transmit 869 to 894 MHz

PCS band

Mobile transmit 1850 to 1910 MHz

Base station transmit 1930 to 1990 MHz

### In-band frequency range (PDC)

800 MHz band #1 810 to 828 MHz  
940 to 958 MHz

800 MHz band #2 870 to 885 MHz  
925 to 940 MHz

800 MHz band #3 838 to 840 MHz  
893 to 895 MHz

1500 MHz band 1477 to 1501 MHz  
1429 to 1453 MHz

## General characteristics

### Temperature range

Operating 0 °C to +55 °C

Non-operating –40 °C to +71 °C

### EMI compatibility

Conducted and radiated emission is in compliance with CISPR Pub. 11/1990 Group 1 Class A.

### Radiated immunity (RF input)

When tested at 3 V/m according to IEC 801-3/1984, the displayed average noise level will be within specifications over the full immunity test frequency range of 27 to 500 MHz, except that at immunity test frequencies of 278.6 MHz ± selected resolution bandwidth and 321.4 MHz ± selected resolution bandwidth, the displayed average noise level may be up to –90 dBm. When the analyzer tuned frequency is identical to the immunity test signal frequency there may be signals of up to ±90 dBm displayed on the screen.

### *Electrostatic*

In accordance with IEC 801-2/1991, an discharge air discharge of up to 8 kV, or a contact discharge of up to 4 kV, will not cause any change of instrument state or measurement data. However, discharges to center pins of front or rear panel connectors might cause damage to the associated circuitry.

### *Power requirements*

Voltage, frequency	90 to 132 V rms, 47 to 440 Hz 195 to 250 V rms, 47 to 66 Hz
Power consumption, ON	< 350 W
Power consumption, standby	< 20 W

### *Weight*

Net	19 kg (42 lb) (nominal) 20 kg (44 lb) with baseband I/Q inputs
Shipping	39 kg (86 lb) (nominal)

### *Dimensions*

177 mm H x 426 mm W x  
432 mm D  
(7.0 in H x 16.8 in W x 17 in D)

### *Front panel*

#### RF input

Connector	Type N female
Impedance	50 $\Omega$ (nominal)
VSWR	
20 to 2205 MHz	$\leq 1.4:1$ ( $\leq 1.24:1$ , typical)
2205 MHz to 4 GHz	$\leq 1.6:1$ ( $\leq 1.4:1$ , typical)
50 MHz	$\leq 1.4:1$ ( $\leq 1.08:1$ , typical)
Baseband I/Q inputs	
Connectors	(4 each I, Q, $\bar{I}$ , $\bar{Q}$ ) BNC female
Balanced input impedance (4 connectors: I, Q, $\bar{I}$ , and $\bar{Q}$ )	600 $\Omega$ , 1 M $\Omega$ (nominal) (switchable)
Unbalanced input impedance (2 connectors: I and Q)	50 $\Omega$ , 1 M $\Omega$ (nominal) (switchable)
VSWR 50 $\Omega$ impedance only	$\leq 1.4:1$ ( $\leq 1.08:1$ , typical)

### *Probe pwr*

Voltage/current	+15 Vdc, $\pm 7\%$ at 150 mA maximum –12.6 Vdc, $\pm 10\%$ at 150 mA maximum
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### *Rear panel*

10 MHz OUT	
Connector	BNC female
Impedance	50 $\Omega$ (nominal)
Output amplitude	$\geq 0$ dBm (nominal)

### *EXT REF IN*

Connector	BNC female
Impedance	50 $\Omega$ (nominal)
Input amplitude range	–5 to +10 dBm (nominal)
Maximum DC level	$\pm 28$ Vdc
Frequency	1 MHz to 30 MHz, selectable
Frequency lock range	$\pm 5 \times 10^{-6}$ of the specified external reference input frequency

### *TRIGGER IN*

Connector	BNC female
Impedance	–10 k $\Omega$ (nominal)
Trigger level	–5 V to +5 V

### *TRIGGER 1 OUT and TRIGGER 2 OUT*

Connector	BNC female
Impedance	50 k $\Omega$ (nominal)
Trigger level	0 V to +5 V (no load)

### *MONITOR output*

Connector	VGA compatible, 15-pin mini D-SUB
Format	VGA (31.5 kHz horizontal, 60 Hz vertical sync rates, noninterlaced)
Resolution	640 x 480

### *PARALLEL interface*

Allows printing to compatible printers

### *GPIB interface*

Allows communication with compatible devices

Note: Instrument noise sidebands and spurious responses might be affected by the quality of the external reference used.

## Agilent E4406A vector signal analyzer product and application information

*Agilent E4406A Vector Signal Analyzer, brochure*  
Literature number 5968-7618E

*2G and 3G Solutions, brochure*  
Literature number 5968-5860E

### *Technical Overviews*

*W-CDMA Measurement Personality*

Literature number 5988-2388EN

*cdma2000 Measurement Personality*

Literature number 5988-3694EN

*1xEV-DO Measurement Personality*

Literature number 5988-4828EN

*GSM with EDGE Measurement Personality*

Literature number 5988-2389EN

### *SA Selection Guide*

Literature number 5968-3413E

### *Application notes*

*AN 1298 Digital Modulation in Communications  
Systems – An Introduction*  
Literature number 5965-7160E

*AN 1311 Understanding CDMA Measurements for  
Base Stations and Their Components*  
Literature number 5968-0953E

*AN 1312 Understanding GSM/EDGE Transmitter  
and Receiver Measurements for Base Transceiver  
Stations and their Components*  
Literature number 5968-2320E

*AN 1313 Testing and Troubleshooting Digital RF  
Communications Transmitter Designs*  
Literature number 5968-3578E

*AN 1314 Testing and Troubleshooting Digital RF  
Communications Receiver Designs*  
Literature number 5968-3579E

*AN 1324 Understanding PDC and NADC  
Transmitter Measurements for Base Transceiver  
Stations and Mobile Stations, Literature number  
5968-5537E*

*AN 1335 HPSK Spreading for 3G,*  
Literature number 5968-8438E

*AN 1355 Designing and Testing 3GPP W-CDMA  
Base Stations* Literature number 5980-1239E

*AN 1356 Designing and Testing 3GPP W-CDMA  
User Equipment* Literature number 5980-1238E

*AN 1357 Designing and Testing cdma2000 Base  
Stations* Literature number 5980-1303E

*AN 1358 Designing and Testing cdma2000, Mobile  
Stations* Literature number 5980-1237E

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#### China:

(tel) 800 810 0189

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#### Europe:

(tel) (31 20) 547 2323

(fax) (31 20) 547 2390

#### Japan:

(tel) (81) 426 56 7832

(fax) (81) 426 56 7840

#### Korea:

(tel) (82 2) 2004 5004

(fax) (82 2) 2004 5115

#### Latin America:

(tel) (305) 269 7500

(fax) (305) 269 7599

#### Taiwan:

(tel) 0800 047 866

(fax) 0800 286 331

#### Other Asia Pacific Countries:

(tel) (65) 6375 8100

(fax) (65) 6836 0252

Email: [tm\\_asia@agilent.com](mailto:tm_asia@agilent.com)

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